

Optimizing Infrastructure Improvements in Bus Rapid Transit Systems (Presentation of finished thesis) Veikko Hokkanen 12.4.2024

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Työn saa tallentaa ja julkistaa Aalto-yliopiston avoimilla verkkosivuilla. Muilta osin kaikki oikeudet pidätetään.



Backround and Literature

- There is available budget to upgrade bus line network to contain Bus Rapid Transit (BRT) lines
- Upgrading parts of the network makes it faster and more attractive for customer to use
- Budget is wanted to be used optimally, so that as many new passengers as possible are attracted
- Question: With limited budget, which parts of the bus line network should be upgraded, to gain maximum amount of new passengers?
- Studied in a path graph setting and wider range of constraints in article by Schiewe et al. [2023]





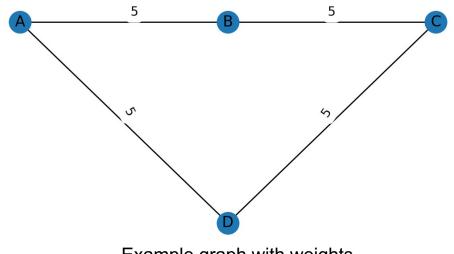
Given input

Weighted graph that is used to model the bus line network:

- Nodes are bus stops
- Edges are roads
- Weights are travel times

Other given parameters:

- Travel time improvement of upgrading each edge
- Amount of available new customer for source and target nodes
- Cost of upgrading edges
- Budget for all the upgrades



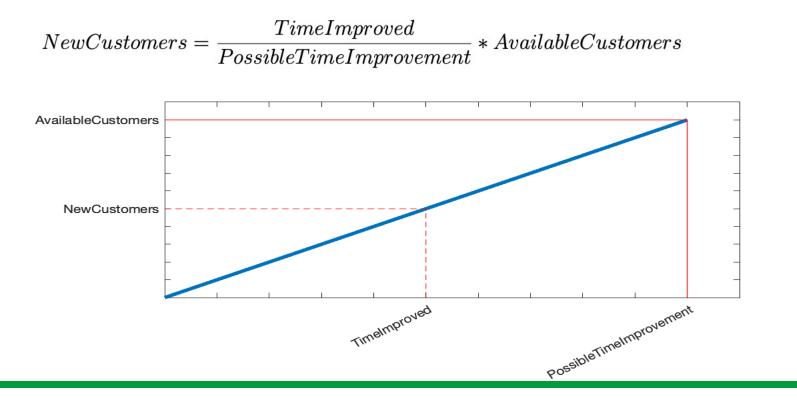
Example graph with weights





Assumptions

- All passengers travel by shortest paths, before and after upgrades
- New customers of specific source-target node pair are gained linearly, depending of the proportion of possible travel time upgrade:







Binary-Integer Program

From given input and assumptions we can construct an integer program:

Objective function:

$$G'(\overline{x}) = \sum_{e \in E} x_e u_e \sum_{(u,v) \in O: e \in SP_{(u,v)}} \frac{a_{(u,v)}}{L(u,v) - L'(u,v)}$$

Constraint:

s.t.
$$\sum_{e \in E} x_e c_e \le b$$

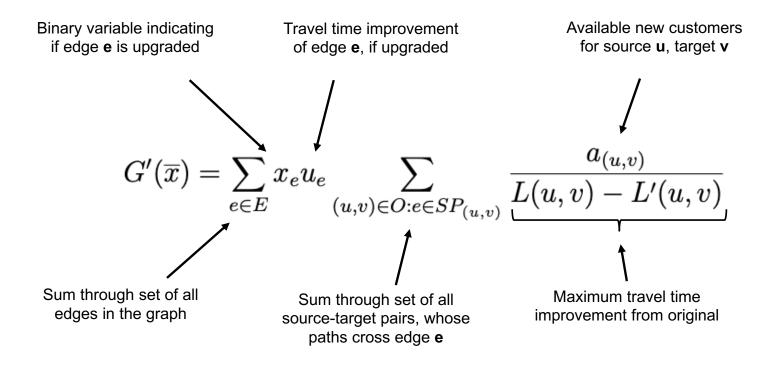
Variables:

$$x_e \in \{0,1\}$$
 for all $e \in E$





Objective Function







Problem in Objective Function

- SP_(u,v) is the shortest path from node u to node v, which is dependent of weights, which are dependent on updates done
- Solving this objective function is out of scope for this thesis

$$G'(\overline{x}) = \sum_{e \in E} x_e u_e \sum_{(u,v) \in O(e \in SP_{(u,v)})} \frac{a_{(u,v)}}{L(u,v) - L'(u,v)}$$





Solution: Iterative algorithm

• Iterative algorithm which uses fixed shortest paths based on previous iterations solution for upgraded edges is introduced:

Algorithm 1

```
procedure EDGESTOUPGRADE(graph, newCustomers, budget)

upgradedEdges \leftarrow \emptyset

W_{new} \leftarrow shortestPaths(graph, upgradedEdges)

W_{old} \leftarrow \emptyset

while W_{new} \neq W_{old} do

upgradedEdges \leftarrow Optimize(graph, newCustomers, W_{new}, budget)

W_{old} \leftarrow W_{new}

W_{new} \leftarrow shortestPaths(graph, updatedEdges)

end while

return W_{new}

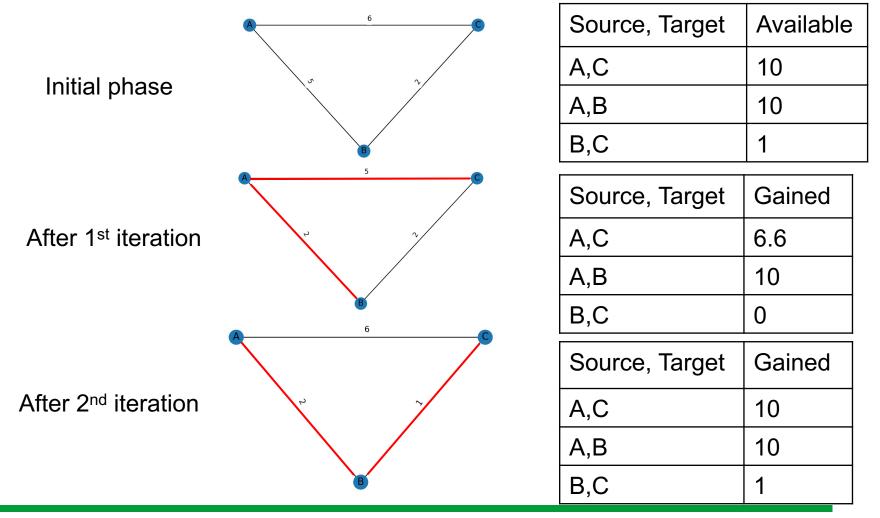
end procedure
```

• Global optimum is not guaranteed





Example of algorithm

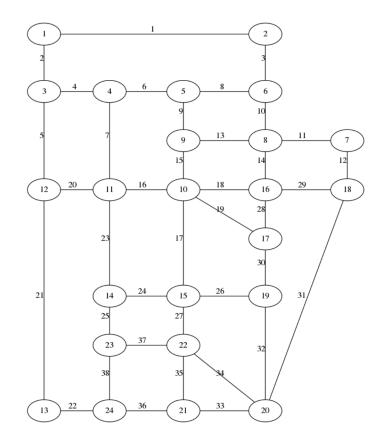






Implementation

- Python
 - Gurobi solver for optimization
 - NetworkX to work with graphs
- Two datasets Toy and Sioux Falls from LinTim

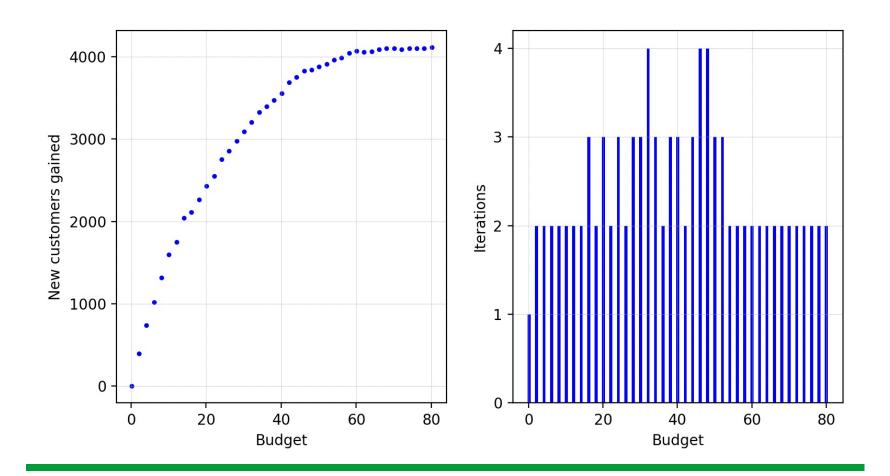


Visualisation of Sioux Falls, (Schiewe et al. 2023)





Results, Sioux Falls Dataset







References

- Rowan Hoogervorst, Evelien van der Hurk, Philine Schiewe, Anita Schöbel, and Reena Urban, "The Bus Rapid Transit Investment Problem", 2023, arXiv preprint arXiv:2308.16104
- P. Schiewe, A. Schöbel, S. Jäger, S. Albert, U. Baumgart, C. Biedinger, V. Grafe, S. Roth, A. Schiewe, F. Spühler, M. Stinzendörfer, and R. Urban. LinTim: An integrated environment for mathematical public transport optimization. Documentation for version 2023.12. Rheinland-Pfälzische Technische Universität Kaiserslautern-Landau, 2023. Url: https://nbn-resolving.org/html/urn:nbn:de:hbz:386-kluedo-75699



