

An atomic routing game with hard vehicle capacities (aihe-esittely)

Martti Räsänen päivämäärä 20.05.2025

Ohjaaja: *Philine Schiewe* Valvoja: *Philine Schiewe*

Työn saa tallentaa ja julkistaa Aalto-yliopiston avoimilla verkkosivuilla. Muilta osin kaikki oikeudet pidätetään.





Background information

- Event Activity Network (EAN)
 - Used for representation of transportation [1]
 - Forms directed graph structure with events as nodes and activities as edges
 - Events: arrival and departure from station/stops
 - Activities: transportation, wait and transfer
 - Allows dynamic route planning in static setting [1]
 - EAN and timetables are connected to each other







Figure: Event Activity Network

Small portion of an EAN illustrating how events and activities are structured.

Source [2]





Thesis objectives

- Create mathematical formulation of optimal path for EAN with hard capacity constraints and path replacement
 - Discovery of optimal path for individual
 - Experimental analysis of equilibrium states
 - Repeating optimal paths leads to equilibrium
 - How optimal routes and solutions change on depending to
 - Different starting solutions
 - Passenger order
 - Departure time







Figure: Example of a Selfish Routing Game

The figure illustrates a routing game based on an Event Activity Network (EAN) model without edge costs. It includes pre-assigned blue and yellow travelers as well as possible route options for a new red traveler with capacity of 1.





Scope of the thesis

- Mathematical modeling of the routing problem using the EAN framework
- Computational implementation of the model
 - Applications and analysis of large or real-world networks
- Analysis of the game-theoretic equilibrium formation
- Limited to static model without delays





Reference Materials

• EAN

- Anita Schöbel, Integer Programming Approaches for Solving the Delay Management Problem [1]
- Philine Schiewe, Optimization in Public Transport and Integrated Optimization in Public Transport [3]
- Equilibriums in transportation
 - Yosef Seffi, Urban Transportation Networks: Equilibrium Analysis with Mathematical Programming Methods [4]
 - Tim Roughgarden, algorithmic game theory lecture notes [5]





Methods for research

- Literature review
- Python implementation of optimal path
 - MIP solver
 - Graph structure
 - Example EAN models





Timing of the thesis

- Started in April
 - Backgroud research in April
- Creation and implementation of model in May
- Writing of the thesis June
- Finished in June





References

[1] A. Schöbel, "Integer Programming Approaches for Solving the Delay Management Problem", in Algorithmic Methods for Railway Optimization, Springer, Berlin, Heidelberg, (2007), pp. 145-170. [Online]. Available https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-540-74247-0_7

[2] M. Goerigk, M. Schmidt, A. Schöbel, M. Knoth, M. Müller-Hannemann "The Price of Strict and Light Robustness in Timetable Information" Transportation Science, vol. 48(2), pp. 225-242., (2014) Available:

http://dx.doi.org/10.1287/trsc.2013.0470

[3] P. Schiewe, Integrated Optimization in Public Transport Planning, Springer Charm, 24 June 2020, Available: https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-46270-3

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[5] Tim Roughgarden, algorithmic game theory lecture notes, [Online] Available: http://timroughgarden.org/notes.html



